

<http://crypto.fmf.ktu.lt/xdownload/>

- [octave-7.3.0-w64-installer.exe](#)
- [octave.m.7z](#)

CONSTRUCTION 11.32

Let **GenModulus** be a polynomial-time algorithm that, on input 1^n , outputs (N, p, q) where $N = pq$ and p and q are n -bit primes (except with probability negligible in n). Define a public-key encryption scheme as follows:

- **Gen**: on input 1^n run **GenModulus**(1^n) to obtain (N, p, q) . The public key is (N) and the private key is $(N, \phi(N))$.
- **Enc**: on input a public key N and a message $m \in \mathbb{Z}_N$, choose a random $r \leftarrow \mathbb{Z}_N^*$ and output the ciphertext

$$c := [(1 + N)^m \cdot r^N \bmod N^2].$$

- **Dec**: on input a private key $(N, \phi(N))$ and a ciphertext c , compute

$$m := \left\lfloor \frac{[c^{\phi(N)} \bmod N^2] - 1}{N} \cdot \phi(N)^{-1} \bmod N \right\rfloor.$$

The Paillier encryption scheme.

- **Gen**: on input 1^n run **GenModulus**(1^n) to obtain (N, p, q) . The public key is (N) and the private key is $(N, \phi(N))$.

$$\begin{aligned} \phi(N) &= \phi(p \cdot q) = \\ &= \phi(p) \cdot \phi(q) = \\ &= (p-1) \cdot (q-1) = \\ &\phi. \end{aligned}$$

$$n = 14$$

```
>> p=127
p = 127
>> isprime(p)
ans = 1
>> dec2bin(p)
ans = 1111111
>> q=113
q = 113
>> isprime(q)
ans = 1
>> dec2bin(q)
ans = 1110001

>> N=p*q
N = 14351
>> dec2bin(N)
ans = 11100000001111
>> N_2=int64(N*N)
N_2 = 205951201

>> p=genprime(7)
>> q=genprime(7)

>> fy=(p-1)*(q-1)
fy = 14112
```

- Enc: on input a public key N and a message $m \in \mathbb{Z}_N$, choose a random $r \leftarrow \mathbb{Z}_N^*$ and output the ciphertext

$$c := [(1+N)^m \cdot r^N \bmod N^2].$$

$$e_1 \bmod N^2 \quad e_2 \bmod N^2$$

$$e_1 \cdot e_2 \bmod N^2$$

```
>> m=11111
m = 11111 % m < N=14351
>> r=randi(N)
r = 9926
>> gcd(r,N)
ans = 1
```

$$r \in \mathbb{Z}_N^* = \{z, \gcd(z, N) = 1\}$$

$$\gcd(r, N) = 1.$$

```
>> e1=mod_exp((1+N),m,N_2)
e1 = 159453962
>> e2=mod_exp(r,N,N_2)
e2 = 67575538
>> c=mod(e1*e2,N_2)
c = 21508828
```

$$c^{\phi} \bmod N^2 = d_1$$

$$m := \left[\frac{[c^{\phi(N)} \bmod N^2] - 1}{N} \cdot \phi(N)^{-1} \bmod N \right].$$

$$\frac{d_1 - 1}{N} \bmod N = d_2$$

$$m = d_2 \cdot d_3 \bmod N$$

```
>> d1=mod_exp(c,fy,N_2)
d1 = 197426708
>> d1m1dN=mod((d1-1)/N,N)
d1m1dN = 13757
>> d2=mod((d1-1)/N,N)
d2 = 13757
>> d3=mulinv(fy,N)
d3 = 5224
>> mod(fy*d3,N)
ans = 1
>> mm=mod(d2*d3,N)
mm = 11111
```