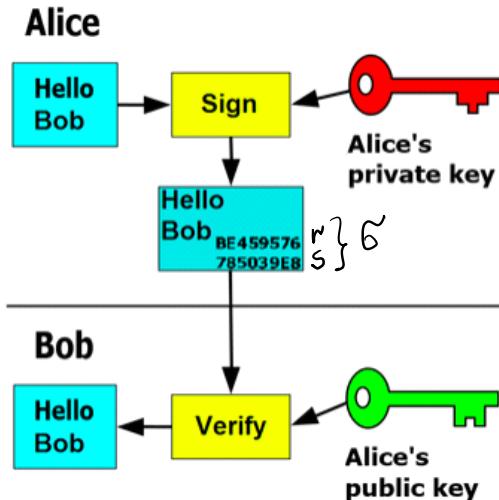
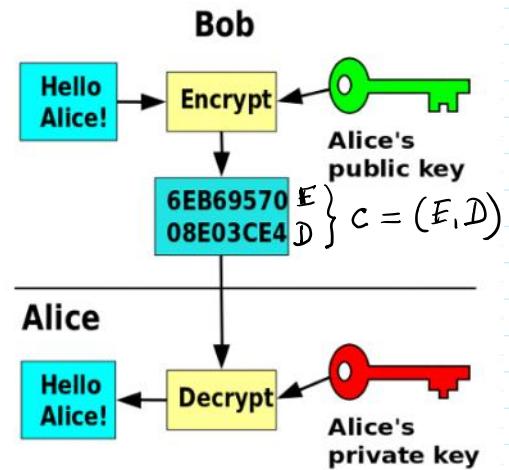


**Signature creation-verification****Message encryption-decryption**

$$p=268435019; g=2.$$

**Public and Private keys generation****Alice**

```

>> x=int64(randi(p-1))
x = 27493765
>> a=mod_exp(g,x,p)
a = 38199862
  
```

**Bob**

```

>> y=int64(randi(p-1))
y = 2691421
>> b=mod_exp(g,y,p)
b = 28687908
  
```

**ElGamal Signature****1. Signature creation by Alice**

To sign any finite message  $M$  the signer performs the following steps using public parameters  $PP$ .

- Compute  $h=H(M)$ .
- Choose a random  $k$  such that  $1 < k < p - 1$  and  $\gcd(k, p - 1) = 1$ .
- $k^{-1} \bmod (p-1)$  computation:  $k^{-1} \bmod (p-1)$  exists if  $\gcd(k, p - 1) = 1$ , i.e.  $k$  and  $p-1$  are relatively prime.  
 $k^{-1}$  can be found using either [Extended Euclidean algorithm](#) or [Euler theorem](#) or ....
- Compute  $r=g^k \bmod p$

```

>> m='Hello Bob'
m = Hello Bob
>> h=hd28(m)
h = 198770750
>> k=int64(genprime(28))
k = 179693671
>>
>> gcd(k,p-1)
ans = 1
>> k_m1=mulinv(k,p-1)
k_m1 = 182658757
>> mod(k*k_m1,p-1)
ans = 1
>> r=mod_exp(g,k,p)
  
```

- Compute  $r = g^k \bmod p$
- Compute  $s = (h - xr)k^{-1} \bmod (p-1) \rightarrow h = xr + sk \bmod (p-1)$ ,  
Signature  $\sigma = (r, s)$

```

>> r=mod_exp(g,k,p)
r = 232941370
>> xr=mod(x*r,p-1)
xr = 151841508
>> hmxr=mod(h-xr,p-1)
hmxr = 46929242
>> s=mod(hmxr*k_m1,p-1)
s = 112441390

```

```

>> mm='I hate you'
mm = I hate you
>> h=hd28(mm)
h = 51721800
>>
>> v1=mod_exp(g,h,p)
v1 = 57746599
>> a_r=mod_exp(a,r,p)
a_r = 233505079
>> r_s=mod_exp(r,s,p)
r_s = 207550501
>> v2=mod(a_r*r_s,p)
v2 = 16540280

```

A signature  $\sigma = (r, s)$  on message  $M$  is verified using Public Parameters  $PP = (p, g)$  and  $PuK_A = a$ .

1. Bob computes  $h = H(M)$ .
2. Bob verifies if  $1 < r < p-1$  and  $1 < s < p-1$ .
3. Bob calculates  $V1 = g^h \bmod p$  and  $V2 = a^r r^s \bmod p$ , and verifies if  $V1 = V2$ .

The verifier Bob accepts a signature if all conditions are satisfied and rejects it otherwise.

```

>> m='Hello Bob'          >> v1=mod_exp(g,h,p)
m = Hello Bob             v1 = 16540280
>> h=hd28(m)            >> a_r=mod_exp(a,r,p)
h = 198770750              a_r = 233505079
>> r = 232941370          >> r_s=mod_exp(r,s,p)
r = 232941370              r_s = 207550501
>> s = 112441390          >> v2=mod(a_r*r_s,p)
s = 112441390              v2 = 16540280

```

## ElGamal Encryption

$$\begin{aligned}
 \beta: \quad t &\leftarrow \text{randi}(\mathbb{Z}_p^*) \\
 E = m \cdot a^t \bmod p \quad \} & \quad c = (E, D) \rightarrow \\
 D = g^t \bmod p \quad \} & \\
 (-x) \bmod (p-1) &= (0 - x) \bmod (p-1) = \\
 &= (p-1 - x) \bmod (p-1) \\
 , \quad c &= (E, D)
 \end{aligned}$$

### 1. Message encryption by Bob

```

>> m=111222
m = 111222
>> t=int64(randi(p-1))
t = 3638073
>> a_t=mod_exp(a,t,p)
a_t = 68855447
>> E=mod(m*a_t,p)
E = 57869183
>> D=mod_exp(g,t,p)

```

$$c = (E, D)$$

>>  $e = mod(m \cdot d_l, p)$

$E = 57869183$

>>  $D = mod\_exp(g, t, p)$

$D = 67024666$

Alice : is able to decrypt

$c = (E, D)$  using her  $PK_A = x$ .

$$1. D^{-x} \mod (p-1) \mod p$$

$$2. E \cdot D^{-x} \mod p = m$$

### 1. Message decryption by Alice

$x = 27493765$

>>  $mx = mod(-x, p-1)$

$mx = 240941253$

>>  $mod(x+mx, p-1)$

$ans = 0$

>>  $D_{mx} = mod\_exp(D, mx, p)$

$D_{mx} = 231840357$

>>  $mb = mod(E * D_{mx}, p)$

$mb = 111222$

Alice : M - message to be encrypted

$|M| = 1 \text{ GB}$

$$k \leftarrow \text{randi}(\mathbb{Z}_p^*)$$

$$\text{Enc}(b, k) = c = (E, D)$$

$$\text{AES}(k, M, e) = C$$

$c, G \rightarrow$

Bob :

$$\text{Dec}(y, c) = k$$

$$\text{AES}(k, G, d) = M$$

Bob : forging M to  $M'$

$$k' \leftarrow \text{randi}(\mathbb{Z}_p^*)$$

$$\text{Enc}(b, k') = c' = (E', D')$$

$$\text{AES}(k', M', e) = C'$$

$c', G' \rightarrow$

Bob : obtains  $M'$  by decryption  $C'$ .

Avoidance of MiM Attack.

$$A: \text{Sign}(x, c) = \tilde{G}_c$$

$$h = H(M)$$

$$\text{Sign}(x, h) = \tilde{G}_d$$

$c, G \rightarrow$   
 $\tilde{G}_c, \tilde{G}_d$

Bob : verifies signatures

$\tilde{G}_c, \tilde{G}_d$  on  $c, G$  and if verification passes then decrypts  $c$  and obtains  $k$

decrypts  $C_1$  and obtains  $M$ .